# **USER GUIDE**

# 9651

# HARDWIRED CONTROL PANELS





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9651 Hardwired Control Panel User Guide.

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# **1. Introduction**

# The Alarm System

The 9651 alarm system comprises a control unit, one or more keypads, and various detectors.

The control unit is a box that houses the main controller, power supply, stand-by battery, and any remote communicator. The control unit is normally fitted out of sight in a safe place (for example under the stairs).

The detectors are installed at various places, or **zones**, around the premises. If something triggers a detector then the detector signals back to the control unit. How the control unit reacts depends on whether the system is **set** or **unset**.

When **set** the control unit raises an alarm whenever a detector is triggered. The alarm might be a bell or strobe on the outside of your premises, or it might be a silent signal from the communicator over the telephone line to a recipient. When **unset** the system does not raise an alarm if a detector is triggered.

The system provides different setting **Levels**, labeled A, B, C and D. Level A sets the whole system, protecting all of the premises covered by the alarm system. Levels B, C and D set part of the system, protecting part of the premises while the rest is in use. The system raises an alarm when a detector belonging to a set Level is triggered. The Installer allocates zones to Levels B, C and D during installation. Ask your Installer to tell you which zones are allocated to each Level.

Your premises may be fitted with **24 hour** zones and **panic alarm** zones. If these zones are triggered the system will raise an alarm whether or not any Level is set.

# <u>The Keypad</u>

Your alarm system is fitted with a 9930 liquid crystal display (LCD) keypad. From the keypad you can set and unset the system, read the event log and make minor changes to the way the system operates.

You must enter an **access code** or present a "proximity tag" (simply called a "tag" in the rest of this book) at the keypad before the system will accept commands from the keypad. If you make a mistake with your access code press **X** to clear the display and start again. The system can store up to 16 different access codes and/or tags, providing secure access for 16 users.

Figure 1 on the next page shows the keypad in detail.

1. Line Fault LED 2. Service I FD 3. Power LED 1 4. Level setting (10)  $\widetilde{2}$ . keys. 5. Omit key. 3 (9) 6 Enter Kev А 1 2 7 Fire alarm keys. 3 • . 8) Press 7 and 9 together. В 4 5 6 . (4)8. Medical  $\overline{7}$ С assistance kevs. 8 7 9 . Press 4 and 6 together. D X 0 1 9. Optional programmable panic alarm keys. Press 1 and 3 "Proximity" Tag together. (5) (6)10. 16 digit Liquid Reader Area Crystal Display (LCD).

Figure 1. 9930 LCD Remote Keypad.

The display shows the state of detector zones, the anti-tamper wiring, and other information as necessary. In addition:

- Line Fault. Glows steadily if the connected telephone line is not working correctly.
- Service. Glows steadily if the system needs attention from an Engineer or Installer.
- ➤ Power. Glows steadily when mains power is present. Flashes if the

system is working off its stand-by battery.

The keys allow you to enter your access code to set and unset the system. In addition, individual keys let you start or stop various functions. These are:

#### Key Used to:

- A Set the system to Level A (Full Set).
- B Set the system to Level B.
- C Part set the system to Level C.
- D Part set the system to Level D
- 4 Change the user access codes.
- 5 Display the last 250 log events.

- 6 Set the internal clock/calendar, which provides a time stamp on log entries.
- 7 Enable or disable the Chime facility.
- 8 Start a test of the sounders and strobe.
- 9 Start a test of the detectors. (See "4. Special Functions".)
- ✗ Omit individual zones or start again if you make a mistake when entering access codes.
- ✓ Enter programming and setting/unsetting commands.

# About This Guide

The rest of this guide tells you how to use the system in more detail:

- 2. Everyday Operation Describes how to set and unset the system.
- 3. After an Alarm Tells you how to switch off the sounders after an alarm, how to see what caused the alarm, and how to reset the system so that it can be used again.
- 4. Special Functions Tells you how to use the more advanced features of the system.

# 2. Everyday Operation

There are several different ways of setting the system. For all methods (except using a **keyswitch**) you must enter your access code or present a tag at the keypad. The keyswitch method uses a key in a special switch fitted to your premises. "Setting the System" below describes each method. Ask your Installer to provide the method that suits your site best.

During installation the Installer programs the system to create an **exit route** for your premises. When setting the system you must follow this route to leave the premises. You must also follow a specified **entry route** when going into the premises in order to unset the system. If you stray from these routes you may cause a false alarm.

# How Do I Know if the System is Working?

The  $\simeq$  lamp always glows when the mains power is present. If the  $\simeq$  lamp flashes slowly then mains power is off, and the system is working from its internal battery. If the  $\simeq$  lamp is off then the system is dead.

When the system is set, the keypad display shows which Level is set. **However**, the Installer can program the system to hide this display. Ask your Installer how the system is set up.

If you wish to test the system and its detectors, see "4. Special Functions - Testing the System" on page 27.

# Setting the System

Your alarm system provides several different methods for setting:

Timed Set.

Final Door Set.

Exit Terminate Button.

Part Setting (including Instant Set or Silent Set).

Keyswitch Setting.

Lock Set.

Ask your Installer which method is fitted, and then use the following pages for detailed instructions.

### Timed Set

With Timed Set the system sets after a programmed **exit time** has expired. Ask your Installer to make sure the exit time is long enough for you to leave the premises and close the final door.

- 1. Close all doors and windows.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag at the keypad.
- 3. Press the appropriate Level key.

Note: If you press  $\checkmark$  at this point the system sets at Level A.

The exit time starts when you press ✓ or the Level key. During the exit time the keypads give a continuous **exit tone** to warn you that the timer is running.

If you hear an interrupted tone from the keypads or internal sounder then something is triggering one of the detectors. (See also "If The System Will Not Set" on p12.)

4. Leave via the designated exit route. Close the final door.

At the end of the exit time the system sets, and gives a double "beep". The keypad display shows which Level is set.

Level A set

Setting A 009

"beep beep"

Exit Tone

**Note:** If you change your mind about setting the system then key in your access code again.

### Exceeding the Exit Time

If something is triggering a detector at the end of the exit time then the system starts an alarm and **does not set.** You can cancel this false alarm by entering your access code immediately. The keypad display shows which zone(s) is causing the problem.

When you have cancelled the alarm you will have to reset the system (see "Resetting the System" on p17) and restart the setting procedure.

### Final Door Set

With Final Door Setting the system sets when you close the last door. There is no fixed exit time.

- 1. Close all doors and windows.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag at the keypad.
- 3. Press the appropriate Level key.

The keypad starts the continuous exit tone.



Setting A ---

Exit tone

4. Leave via the designated exit route and close the final door.

The system sets seven seconds after you close the door and gives a double "beep".



Level A set

"beep beep"

The keypad display shows which Level is set.

### Using an Exit Terminate Button to Set the System

An Exit Terminate Button is usually a button mounted outside the premises by the final door. Pressing the button completes setting the system.

- 1. Close all doors and windows.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag at the keypad.
- Press the appropriate Level key. The keypad starts the continuous exit tone.





Exit tone

- 4. Leave via the designated exit route. Close the final door.
- 5. Press the exit terminate button.

The exit tone stops and the system sets seven seconds after you press the button. The system gives a double "beep" and the keypad display shows which Level is set.



"beep beep"

**Note:** The Installer may have programmed your system to set after a fixed time even if you do not press the exit terminate button. This is to make sure your premises are protected even if you forget to press the exit terminate button. Ask your Installer how your system is set up.

#### Part Setting

The Installer may have programmed your system so that you can protect part of the premises while the rest is in use. Level keys B, C and D give different part set areas. Level key A always sets the full system. Ask your Installer which zones keys B, C and D cover.

To part set:

- 1. Close doors and windows in the protected area.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag at the keypad.
- 3. Press B, C or D.

The keypad starts the quiet Part Set exit tone (see "Instant Set").



Setting B 009

Part set exit tone

**Note:** Some Levels on your system may be programmed for **Silent Set**. When setting these Levels the system does not give any tones from the keypads or internal sounder.

4. Leave via the designated exit route and if necessary close the final door.

The exit tone stops and the system sets. The system gives a double "beep" and the keypad display shows which Level is set.



Level B Set

"beep beep"

#### Instant Set

The area protected by a part set system may not need an exit route or final exit door. For these areas the Installer may program the B, C or D keys as Instant Set. With Instant Set the system sets as soon as you press B, C or D. The system gives a double "beep" to show that it is set.

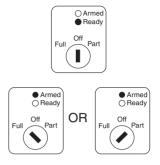
**Note:** Instant set is not available for key A (Full Set).

2. Everyday Operation

#### **Keyswitch Setting**

1. Close all doors and windows.

The Ready lamp on the keyswitch should be glowing to indicate that all the detectors are closed. (Some types of keyswitch do not have lamps.)



- Either turn the keyswitch to "Full" to set Level A Or turn the keyswitch to "Part" to set Level B.
- 3. Leave the premises and close the final door.

The system gives a double "beep" at the end of the exit time and sets. The Armed lamp glows.

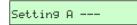
#### Lock Set

Your installer may have fitted a special lock so that locking the final exit door completes the setting sequence. (The lock contains a switch so that the control unit can sense whether the lock is open or closed).

To use Lock Set:

- 1. Close all doors and windows.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag at the keypad.
- 3. Press the appropriate Level key.

The keypad starts the continuous exit tone. You may hear an interrupted tone if the final exit door is open.



Exit tone

4. Leave via the designated exit route and close the final door.

The keypad sounds the continuous exit tone.



5. Lock the door.

The exit tone continues for seven seconds, and then you hear a double "beep" as the system sets.

The keypad display shows which Level is set.



Level A Set

"beep beep"

# If the System Will Not Set

#### **Detector Active**

If you try to set the system while something is triggering one of the detectors in the protected area (for example a door or window is still open) then the keypads or internal sounder will give an interrupted tone and the display will show the zone number of the detector.

- 1. Go to the zone shown on the display and find out what is triggering the detector. If possible remedy the fault.
- 2. Return to the keypad and set the system again.

If no other detectors are active the system sets.

- 3. Repeat steps 1 to 2 if the display shows other zones.
- 4. If you still cannot set the system then call the Installer.

#### Other Faults (Service Lamp Glowing)

If the control unit detects a technical fault then it lights the  $\checkmark$  lamp on the keypad to warn you that there is a problem. (If the fault disappears the control unit switches the  $\checkmark$  lamp off.) The keypad sounds a soft intermittent "beep" to draw your attention. This attention tone continues even if the  $\checkmark$  lamp goes off. To indicate the nature of the fault the control unit makes an entry in the log and displays a short text warning on the keypad when you next enter an access code to set the system.

To acknowledge the warning, press  $\checkmark$ . The control unit removes the warning message from the display and silences the attention tone. You can carry on and set the system.

For example, if the mains supply is interrupted then  $\checkmark$  on the keypad glows and the  $\simeq$  lamp flashes. When you next enter your access code to set the system the keypad display shows the words:

MAINS Fail

Select ?

1. Press ✔.

The keypad display shows:

2. Carry on and set the system as normal.

If you still cannot set the system after acknowledging a warning then call the Installer.

Note: If the mains electricity supply fails then you can still set the system. Key in your access code and press ✓ then press A, B, C or D followed by ✓.

# What To Do When Service and Line Fault Glow

If you hear an intermittent tone from the keypad, and both the  $\checkmark$  and 🕅 lamps glow then your system may have experienced a temporary telephone line fault.

1. Key in your access code or present a tag

The tone stops and the display may briefly show:

The ✓ and lamps will continue to glow

for as long as the fault is present.

If the system detects that the fault has been rectified, then the *i* and *i* lamps go off.

If the  $\checkmark$  and  $\bowtie$  lamps remain glowing for more than five minutes then call your alarm service company and report the fault.

You can set the system while the  $\checkmark$  and  $\bowtie$  lamps are lit. When setting you may again briefly see the message "Plugby Line Fail". However, note that if a telephone line fault is present during an alarm then the system may not be able to report the alarm.

Plu9by line fail

# Unsetting the System

# WARNING: If you enter your premises and an internal alarm starts then there may be an intruder.

#### Unsetting From a Keyswitch

Turn the keyswitch to OFF. The system unsets immediately.

#### **Unsetting From the Keypad**

The system has a programmed **entry time**. Ask your Installer to make sure the entry time is long enough for you to enter by the designated entry route, get to the keypad and unset the system.

The entry time starts when you open the designated entry door. During the entry time the keypads give a "galloping" **entry tone** to warn you that the timer is running.

1. Enter through the designated entry door and go to the keypad.

As you enter the premises the system starts the entry timer and the keypads give the entry tone.



2. Key in your access code or present a tag The entry tone stops and the system gives a double "beep". **The system is now unset**.



#### Unsetting with a Lock Switch

If the installer has fitted the final exit door with a lock switch:

1. Unlock the door.

The keypad gives a continuous exit tone. At this point you can lock the door again and the system will remain set.



2. Enter through the designated entry door and go to the keypad.

As you enter the premises the system starts the entry timer and the keypads give the entry tone.



Entry tone

2. Key in your access code or present a tag.

The entry tone stops and the system gives a double "beep". The system is now unset.



### If You Exceed the Entry Time

If you regularly have problems exceeding the entry time, ask your Installer about "Dual Ply Entry" and "Alarm Abort".

If your system is programmed for **Dual Ply Entry**, then the control unit adds a 30 second grace period to the end of the entry time. During that grace period the keypads give a high pitched continuous tone to warn you that the entry time has run out.

# **Starting Alarms Yourself**

There are three types of alarm that you can start yourself: PA (Panic), Medical Assistance, and Fire. Your Installer must program your system to enable these functions. You can start these alarms from the keypads by pressing two keys at the same time. Remember:

# To start a Panic Alarm:

On a keypad press 1 & 3 together.

To start a Medical Assistance Alarm:

On a keypad press 4 & 6 together.

To start a Fire Alarm:

On a keypad press 7 & 9 together.

# Duress Code

There may be a time when an intruder forces you to unset your alarm system. There is a special duress code designed to allow you to unset the system while you are being watched. When you use the code the alarm system sends a silent panic alarm to the communication device. The alarm system gives no other indication that you are using the duress code.

**Note:** You must ask your Installer to make sure the duress code facility is available. To create the duress code see page 20.

# 3. After an Alarm

When your system raises an alarm you must **disarm** it in order to switch off the sounders and strobes. The system keeps a record of which zone(s) triggered the alarms, and shows the zone number(s) on the keypad display. Once you have disarmed the system, you must **reset** the system before you can start using it again.

# Fire Alarm

The system gives a fire alarm by sounding a warbling tone from the keypads

and alarm sounder. The display shows the letters "Fire".

- 1. Evacuate the premises and call the Fire Brigade. Do not attempt to unset the alarm.
- 2. When the premises are safe, follow the instructions below.

# Disarming the System

If the system is full set then:

- 1. Go to the keypad via the entry route.
- 2. Key in your access code or present a tag

The sounders go quiet and the system gives a double "beep" to show that it is unset. The keypad display shows alarm and the zone number of the first detector to be triggered. You may also see the  $\checkmark$  lamp glowing.

- 3. Establish the cause of the alarm.
- 4. Carry on to reset the system.

# Resetting the System

There are three different methods for resetting. You can tell which method your system uses by looking at the  $\checkmark$  lamp after an alarm.

- If the ✓ lamp is off then the system uses **Customer Reset**. You can reset the system yourself from the keypad.
- If the *I* lamp glows after an alarm then your system uses **Engineer Reset**. Call your alarm company and ask for an engineer to visit the premises to reset the system.

Zone 02

"beep beep"

If the *I* lamp glows after an alarm **and** your system is connected to an communication device then your system may use **Remote Reset**. Your alarm company will give you instructions over the phone and a special code so that you can reset the system from the keypad.

#### **Customer Reset**

- 1. Key in your access code or present a tag and press  $\checkmark$ .
  - The display clears.
- 2. You can now use your system as normal.

#### **Remote Reset**

Before starting this process, make sure you have a pen and paper to hand. You will need to write down some information shown on the keypad. If you have not carried out a remote reset before, read the instructions through before starting.

- Key in your access code or present a tag The display shows:
- 2. Press V.

The display shows a four digit Reset Code.

3. Write down the four digit Reset Code.

**Note:** that the system will display the Reset Code for 30 seconds and then return to showing the first detector to alarm. If you miss the Reset Code repeat steps 1 to 3.

4. Contact your alarm company.

The company will ask a few questions to make sure you are who you say you are. They will then ask for the circumstances of the alarm, and for the Reset Code. If they do not need to send an Engineer to check the system they will give you an "Anti Code".

5. Key in the Anti Code on the keypad. The display clears and the

Service lamp goes out.

6. You can now use your system as normal.

04/02/00 17:33

Select?

Reset code = 1234

# 4. Special Functions

# Introduction

From the keypad you can perform a number of other functions, apart from setting and unsetting the system. These functions are:

[Access code] + X	Omitting zones.	
[User 01 Access code] + 4	Changing access codes and user names.	
[Access code] + 5	Reading the system log.	
[User 01 Access code] + 6	Setting the time and date.	
[Access code] + 7	Turning the chime on or off.	
[Access code] + 8	Testing the sounders.	
[Access code] + 9	Testing the zones.	
To use these functions you must key in your access code or present a tag		

To use these functions you must key in your access code or present a tag and then press a number key. The rest of this section describes each function in turn.

# **Omitting Zones**

Your system may be programmed so that you can omit individual detectors. Ask your Installer which zones can be omitted.

To omit a zone:

 Key in your access code or present a tag and press X. The display shows:

lOmi	.t	Zon	e? -

- 2. Press the number of the zone you want to omit (for example, key in 07 to omit zone 7).
- 3. Press V.

The sounder gives a double beep and the display shows the zone number followed by an "o":

Omit Zone 07o

Note:

If the display shows a "x" after the zone number then you cannot omit that zone.

To omit further zones repeat steps 2 and 3.

4. Press X to finish.

To set the system with an omitted zone:

- 5. Key in your access code (or present a tag) and press a Level key..
- 6. The control unit gives an error tone and the display shows (for example):

A:Omit Zone 07?

7. Press V.

If necessary, press  $\checkmark$  again for each omitted zone shown on the display.

(If you wish to escape press X.)

After you press 🗸 for the final omitted zone the control unit starts to set.

To reinstate a zone repeat steps 1 to 4. At step 3 press  $\checkmark$  and "o" will disappear. Press  $\bigstar$  to exit.

Omissions are not permanent. When you unset the system the control unit reinstates all omitted zones for the level you have unset.

# Access Codes

The system can store up to 16 different user access codes. For security you should give one code to each person who has responsibility for setting and unsetting the system. Do not allow users to share codes.

Every time someone enters an access code on the keypad the system records the event in its log. To distinguish all the users and keep their access codes hidden, the log shows each user as a number, for example "User 02", "User 03" and so on.

When delivered from the factory all access codes are set to default numbers. User 01 default access code is "1234". You should change this immediately to a code that only you know. User 01 is the only access code that can change other access codes.

User 02 default access code is " $\times$  002", User 03 is " $\times$  003" and so on up to User 16 ( $\times$  016). However, the default access codes for these users cannot set or unset the system, or use any of its special functions.

#### **Duress Code**

If your system is connected to a communication device, you may want to give some of the users a **Duress Code** as well as their normal access code. If a user enters the Duress Code to unset the system, then the control unit sends a silent Panic alarm call to the communication device. The Duress Code is designed for times when a user is being forced to unset the alarm system by an intruder.

The default Duress Code is "X017". This code is inactive until you change it.

#### **Changing Access Codes**

- Enter User 01 access code. The display shows:
- 2. Press 4. The display shows:

Note: If the system does not already have a code then it uses X002 for us	ser 02,
✗003 for user 03 and so on.	

3. Key in the access code you wish to change and press ✓.

The display shows (for example): At this point you can change the text that the system displays on the keypad for each user code. See "Changing User Names" below. If you do not wish to change the text then press ✓ again.

4. Key in the new access code that you wish to use. *Note: Do not use 0 (zero) as the first digit of the code.* 

If you wish to delete a code, key in "0000".

5. Press  $\checkmark$  to store the new code.

### **Changing User Names**

When you key in the access code and press  $\checkmark$  in step 3 above, the display shows the current user name with a flashing cursor under the first letter. Enter letters from the keypad one at a time by pressing a number key repeatedly until the display shows the letter you want. You may already be familiar with typing out short messages on a mobile phone using the same sort of system. Figure 3 on the next page shows which letters are assigned to each key. Press C to move the cursor to the next space for a new letter.

If you make a mistake press C or D to move the cursor over the letter you want to change, and key in the new letter. If you want to delete a name completely press D to move the cursor under the extreme left hand character of the name. Press D again. The display clears the old name.

The system can store a maximum of 12 characters per name, including spaces and punctuation marks.

When you have finished entering the user name press  $\checkmark$ .

ne	U02:User	2
er		

Select?

Old Code=

User :	2 =	****	
--------	-----	------	--

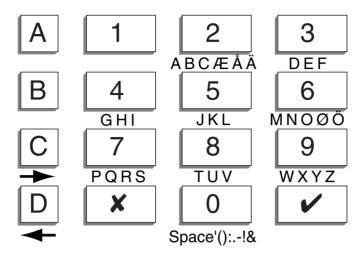


Figure 3. Letters Generated by Each Number Key

#### Proximity Tags

If the installer has fitted your keypad with a 934 SCANPROX module you can program the system to recognise individual proximity tags. Users can then employ these tags in place of access codes.

A tag acts as an alternative to a user access code. You can assign a user a tag, an access code, or both. You cannot assign a tag to the Master User (user 01) or the Engineer (user 00). This means that you can assign up to 15 tags per system, one for each of users 02 to 16.

When presenting a tag to the keypad for programming or for normal use, make sure that the tag is touching the front of the keypad to the left of the display.

### To Add a Tag

 Key in User 01 access code while the system is unset.

The display shows:

Select?	
01d Code=	

- Press 4 to select the change codes option. The display shows:
- 3. Enter the access code of the user that you want to program a tag for and press ✓.

The display shows the user number and any text description you have programmed for that user.

4. Press V.

The display shows the user number and an underscore, for example:

5. Present the proximity tag to the front of the keypad (see page 4).

The system learns the identity of the tag and links it to that user number. The keypad gives a double beep to show that the system has learned the tag successfully. The keypad displays the date and time.

6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 for other tags, as necessary.

# To Delete a Tag:

Note: If you delete a tag you also delete the user's access code.

1. Key in User 01 access code while the system is unset.

The display shows:

- Press 4 to select the change codes option. The display shows:
- 3. Enter the User 01 access code again and press ✓.

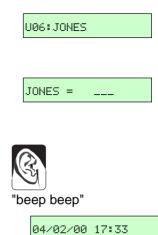
The display shows and any text description for that user.

4. Press **X** repeatedly until the display shows the user number of the tag you want to delete.

The display shows the user number and any text you have programmed for that user.

- 5. Press 🗸.
- 6. Key in "0000" and press  $\checkmark$ .

The system deletes the tag and the user's access code. The keypad gives a double beep.



U06:JONES	

Select?

01d Code=

User 01



### Using the Log

The system keeps a log of the last 250 events. You can examine this log from the keypad. To use the log:

- 1. Key in your access code or present a tag
- 2. Press 5.

The display shows the most recent event, for example:

U01 Change U02

The display shows a short message for each type of event. Table 1 on the next page shows each of the messages that you might see, and their meaning.

- 3. Press ✓ to toggle the display between the time and date of the event and the log report. Press 1 to see earlier events in the log. Press 3 to see more recent events.
- 4. Press  $\mathbf{X}$  to stop using the log.

#### Table 1. Log Event Codes

Message	Meaning
EEProm Fail	Internal error, contact Installer.
Codes Defaulted	The access codes have been reset to default values.
Clear Log	The system programming has been returned to default values.
System Startup	System was started (power applied).
System Tamper	Bell or bell wiring tamper.
System Tamp Rst	System tamper reset.
Lid Tamper	Control unit lid opened.
Lid Tamper Rst	Lid tamper reset
Sounder Tamper	Sounder lid opened.
Sounder Tamp Rst	Sounder tamper reset.
Unn On-Site	User nn (see next page) put system into programming mode.
Unn Off-Site	User nn (see next page) took system out of programming mode.
Unn Change	User nn (see next page) changed their user code.
Unn Delete	User nn (see next page) deleted their user code.
Unn L# Set	User nn (see next page) set Level #.
Unn L# UnSet	User nn (see next page) unset Level #.
U21 L# Set	Keyswitch set Level #.
U21 L# UnSet	Keyswitch unset Level #.
System Rearmed	System auto rearmed.
Unn Znn Omit	User nn (see next page) omitted zone nn.
Unn Znn Unomit	User nn (see next page) re-instated zone nn.
Fire Znn Alarm	Fire alarm at zone nn.
Fire Znn Rstr	Fire alarm at zone nn restored.
Fire Znn Reset	Fire alarm at zone nn reset.
PA Znn Alarm	Panic alarm at zone nn.
PA Znn Rstr	Panic alarm at zone nn restored.
Unn System Unset	User nn (see next page) unset system.
PA Knn Alarm	Panic alarm started at keypad nn.
Burg Znn Alarm	Intruder alarm at zone nn.

Set Fail Znn Burg Znn Rstr Tamper Znn Knn Missing Knn Restore	Setting failed because of zone nn. Intruder alarm at zone nn restored. Tamper at zone nn. Keypad nn missing. Keypad nn restored.
Knn Tamper	Tamper at keypad nn.
Knn Excess Keys	Too many keys pressed at keypad nn (someone may be trying to guess the access code).
Tel Line Fault	Telephone line fault detected.
Tel Line Rstr	Telephone line restored.
Comms Fail	The communicator failed to report.
AC Fail	Mains failed.
AC Restore	Mains restored.
Low Battery	Standby battery is low.
Low Batt Rstr	Standby battery restored.
Batt Missing	12V supply from standby battery not present.
Batt Missing Rstr	12V supply from standby battery restored.
Aux DC Fail	Power supply to wired detectors has failed.
Aux DC Fail Rstr	Power supply to wired detectors restored.

In the log user codes are represented by numbers as follows:

U00	Installer	U19	Idle
U01	User code 1	U21	Keyswitch
		U22	Remote Reset

U16 User code 16

Note that neither the Installer nor the user can erase the log.

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# Setting the Time and Date

The control unit contains an internal clock/calendar that runs as long as there is power present (mains or stand-by battery). The system uses this clock to mark the time and date on the system log. If the power supply fails for any reason, and the stand-by battery is low, then the system loses track of the correct time and date. You may also need to change the time if you live in a country that uses summer/winter time. User 01 is the only access code that can change the time and date.

To set the time and date:

- 1. Key in User 01 access code or present a tag
- 2 Press 6

The display shows the date.

- 3. Key in two digits for the day followed by
- 4 Key two digits for the month (01 for January, to 12 for December) followed by V.
- 5. Key in two digits for the year, followed by The display shows the time.
- Key in two digits for the hour followed by  $\checkmark$ . 6. (Use the 24 hour clock.)
- 7. Key in two digits for the minutes, followed by  $\checkmark$ .

The display shows the new time and date:

# Turning the Chime On/Off

Your system may be programmed so that a chime tone sounds whenever certain doors are opened while the system is unset. To turn Chime on or off:

- 1. Key in your access code or present a tag
- 2 Press 7.

The display shows: (Press 7 again to toggle Chime OFF.)

3. Press V Chime = ΟN

DØ4 M11 Y99

H17 M02

11/09/01/ 08:45

# Testing the System

#### **Bell Test**

You can test that all the sounders and the strobe are working, as follows:

- 1. Key in your access code. or present a tag
- 2. Press 8.

The system turns the external sounder, internal sounder(s) and keypad sounders on for three seconds each, one after the other. The strobe flashes for six seconds to give you time to see it.

#### Walk Test

You can set the system so that it will allow you to walk round the premises and test each of the detectors (a **walk test**). Choose a time when the premises are empty to carry out the test, otherwise people may trigger any movement detectors before you do, and confuse the results of the test.

If any detector fails the test then call your alarm company and ask them to check the system.

**Note:** If your system is fitted with 24 hour or personal attack detectors, you cannot walk test them. If you wish to test them call your alarm company.

- 1. Key in your access code. or present a tag
- 2. Press 9.

This display shows:

3. Walk round your premises and trigger each detector in turn (except 24 hour or personal attack detectors).

As you trigger a detector the keypad and internal sounder give a short tone. The display shows the zone number of any detector(s) that you have triggered. If there is more than one detector triggered then the display show the number of each detector in turn.

4. Press ✓ to stop the test when you have triggered all the detectors.

#### Note:

- 1. You can abandon the test at any time by pressing  $\checkmark$ .
- 2. You cannot test Fire, PA or other types of 24 hour zone with this command.
- 3. You cannot test tamper circuits with this command.

Walk Test

A: Zone 02

#### 3. After an Alarm

Zone	Description	Whole system (A)	Part Set B	Part Set C	Part Set D	Omit Allowed	Chime
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							

Bell Duration	
Engineer Reset	
Communicator Fitted	
Part Set A Exit Time	
Part Set A Entry Time	
Part Set B Exit Time	
Part Set B Entry Time	
Part Set C Exit Time	
Part Set C Entry Time	
Part Set D Exit Time	
Part Set D Entry Time	
Keypad PA	
Day contact Tel:	
Night contact Tel:	

#### **Company Name**